



Covenant Capital Advisors, LLC
Wealth Management Solutions

2021 Annual Market Review

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This report features world capital market performance for the past year.

Overview:

Market Summary

US Stocks

International Developed Stocks

Emerging Markets Stocks

Country Returns

Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)

Commodities

Fixed Income

Global Fixed Income

Impact of Diversification

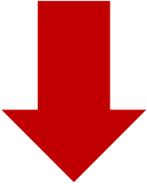
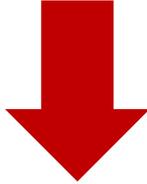
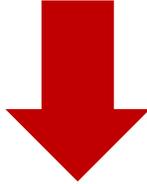
Appendix

Market Summary

Index Returns



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	US Stock Market	International Developed Stocks	Emerging Markets Stocks	Global Real Estate	US Bond Market	Global Bond Market ex US
2021	STOCKS				BONDS	
	25.66%	12.62%	-2.54%	31.38%	-1.54%	-1.40%
						
Since Jan. 2001						
Avg. Annual Return	10.2%	7.0%	12.9%	10.8%	4.6%	4.3%
Best Year	33.6% 2013	39.4% 2003	78.5% 2009	37.4% 2006	10.3% 2002	8.8% 2014
Worst Year	-37.3% 2008	-43.6% 2008	-53.3% 2008	-45.7% 2008	-2.0% 2013	-1.4% 2021

Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Indices are not available for direct investment. Index performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. Market segment (index representation) as follows: US Stock Market (Russell 3000 Index), International Developed Stocks (MSCI World ex USA Index [net div.]), Emerging Markets (MSCI Emerging Markets Index [net div.]), Global Real Estate (S&P Global REIT Index [net div.]), US Bond Market (Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index), and Global Bond Market ex US (Bloomberg Global Aggregate ex-USD Bond Index [hedged to USD]). S&P data © 2022 S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, a division of S&P Global. All rights reserved. Frank Russell Company is the source and owner of the trademarks, service marks, and copyrights related to the Russell Indexes. MSCI data © MSCI 2022, all rights reserved. Bloomberg data provided by Bloomberg.

US Stocks

2021 Index Returns

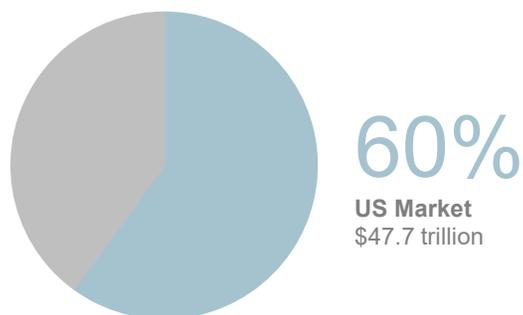
The US equity market posted positive returns for the year and outperformed non-US developed and emerging markets.

Value underperformed growth in large cap stocks but outperformed growth in small cap stocks.

Small caps underperformed large caps.

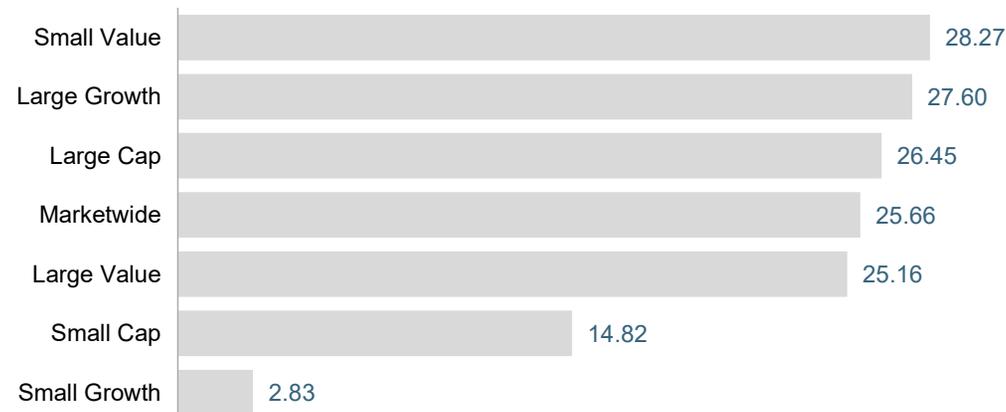
REIT indices outperformed equity market indices.

World Market Capitalization—US



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Ranked Returns for 2021 (%)



Period Returns (%)

Asset Class	1 Year	3 Years*	5 Years*	10 Years*
Small Value	28.27	17.99	9.07	12.03
Large Growth	27.60	34.08	25.32	19.79
Large Cap	26.45	26.21	18.43	16.54
Marketwide	25.66	25.79	17.97	16.30
Large Value	25.16	17.64	11.16	12.97
Small Cap	14.82	20.02	12.02	13.23
Small Growth	2.83	21.17	14.53	14.14

* Annualized

Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Indices are not available for direct investment. Index performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. Market segment (index representation) as follows: Marketwide (Russell 3000 Index), Large Cap (Russell 1000 Index), Large Value (Russell 1000 Value Index), Large Growth (Russell 1000 Growth Index), Small Cap (Russell 2000 Index), Small Value (Russell 2000 Value Index), and Small Growth (Russell 2000 Growth Index). World Market Cap represented by Russell 3000 Index, MSCI World ex USA IMI Index, and MSCI Emerging Markets IMI Index. Russell 3000 Index is used as the proxy for the US market. Dow Jones US Select REIT Index used as proxy for the US REIT market. Frank Russell Company is the source and owner of the trademarks, service marks, and copyrights related to the Russell Indexes. MSCI data © MSCI 2022, all rights reserved.

International Developed Stocks

2021 Index Returns



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Developed markets outside the US posted positive returns for the year, underperforming US equities but outperforming emerging markets equities.

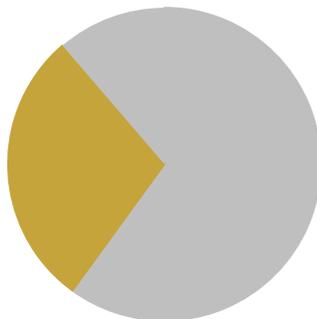
Value outperformed growth.

Small caps underperformed large caps.

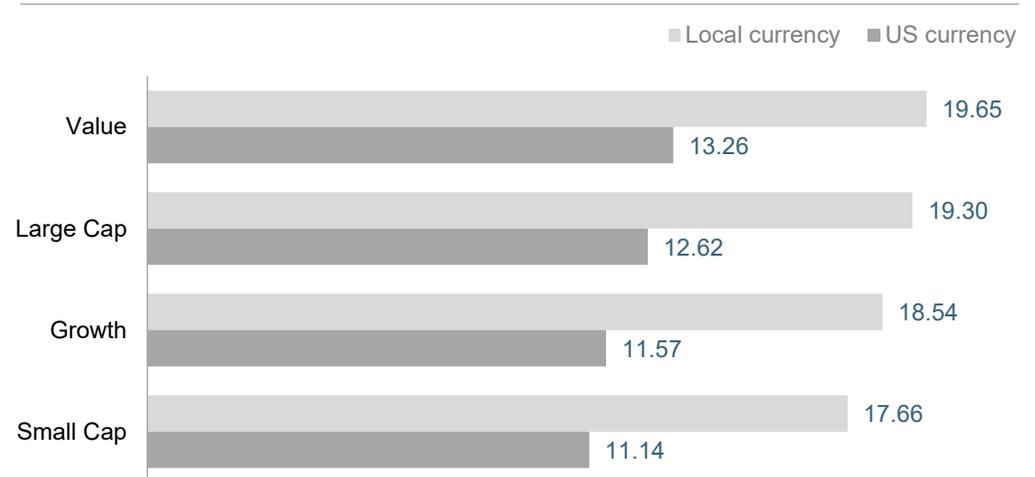
World Market Capitalization—International Developed

29%

International
Developed Market
\$22.8 trillion



Ranked Returns for 2021 (%)



Period Returns (%)

Asset Class	1 Year	3 Years*	5 Years*	10 Years*
Value	13.26	8.66	5.69	5.83
Large Cap	12.62	14.07	9.63	7.84
Growth	11.57	19.11	13.37	9.66
Small Cap	11.14	16.27	11.03	9.99

* Annualized

Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Indices are not available for direct investment. Index performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. Market segment (index representation) as follows: Large Cap (MSCI World ex USA Index), Small Cap (MSCI World ex USA Small Cap Index), Value (MSCI World ex USA Value Index), and Growth (MSCI World ex USA Growth Index). All index returns are net of withholding tax on dividends. World Market Cap represented by Russell 3000 Index, MSCI World ex USA IMI Index, and MSCI Emerging Markets IMI Index. MSCI World ex USA IMI Index is used as the proxy for the International Developed market. MSCI data © MSCI 2022, all rights reserved. Frank Russell Company is the source and owner of the trademarks, service marks, and copyrights related to the Russell Indexes.

Emerging Markets Stocks

2021 Index Returns

Emerging markets fell 2.5% for the year, underperforming both US and non-US developed equity markets.

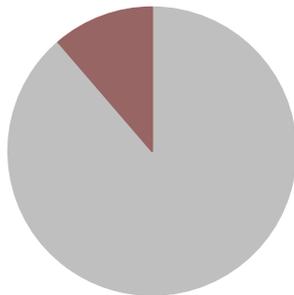
Value outperformed growth.

Small caps outperformed large caps.

World Market Capitalization—Emerging Markets

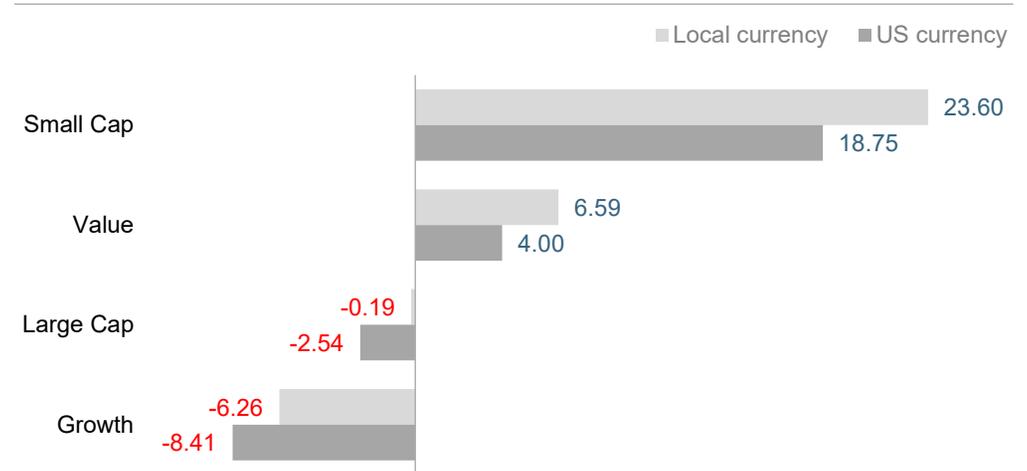
11%

Emerging Markets
\$9.0 trillion



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Ranked Returns for 2021 (%)



Period Returns (%)

Asset Class	1 Year	3 Years*	5 Years*	10 Years*
Small Cap	18.75	16.46	11.47	7.42
Value	4.00	7.08	7.02	3.31
Large Cap	-2.54	10.94	9.87	5.49
Growth	-8.41	14.60	12.55	7.52

* Annualized

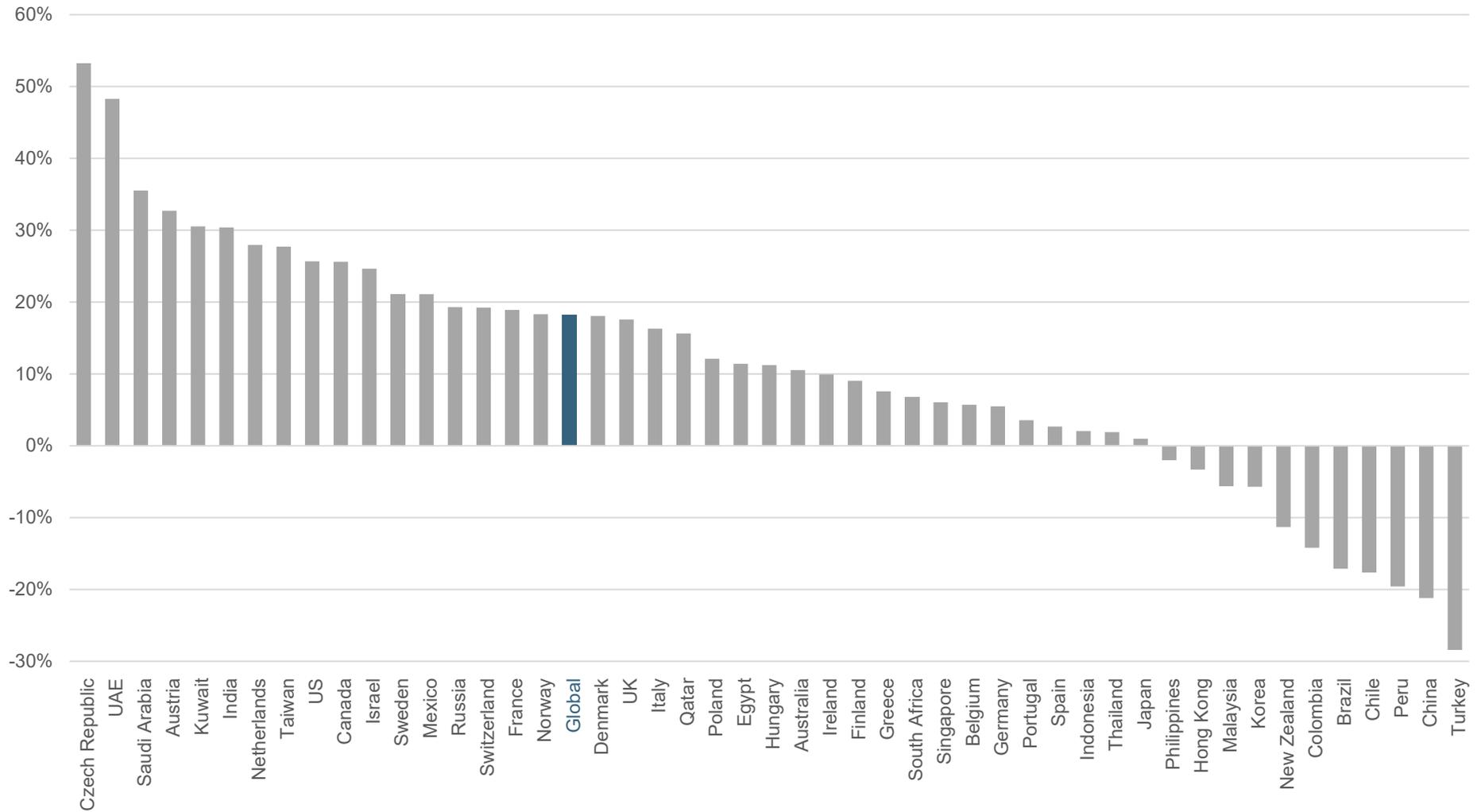
Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Indices are not available for direct investment. Index performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. Market segment (index representation) as follows: Large Cap (MSCI Emerging Markets Index), Small Cap (MSCI Emerging Markets Small Cap Index), Value (MSCI Emerging Markets Value Index), and Growth (MSCI Emerging Markets Growth Index). All index returns are net of withholding tax on dividends. World Market Cap represented by Russell 3000 Index, MSCI World ex USA IMI Index, and MSCI Emerging Markets IMI Index. MSCI Emerging Markets IMI Index used as the proxy for the emerging market portion of the market. MSCI data © MSCI 2022, all rights reserved. Frank Russell Company is the source and owner of the trademarks, service marks, and copyrights related to the Russell Indexes.

Country Returns

2021 Index Returns



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Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Country returns are the country component indices of the MSCI All Country World IMI Index for all countries except the United States, where the Russell 3000 Index is used instead. Global is the return of the MSCI All Country World IMI Index. MSCI index returns are net dividend. Indices are not available for direct investment. Their performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. Frank Russell Company is the source and owner of the trademarks, service marks and copyrights related to the Russell Indexes. MSCI data © MSCI 2022, all rights reserved.

Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)

2021 Index Returns



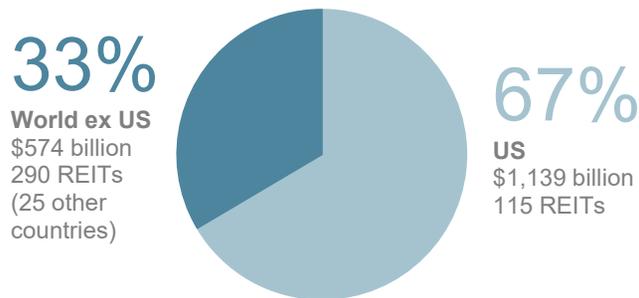
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US real estate investment trusts outperformed non-US REITs during the year.

Ranked Returns for 2021 (%)



Total Value of REIT Stocks



Period Returns (%)

Asset Class	* Annualized			
	1 Year	3 Years*	5 Years*	10 Years*
US REITS	45.91	16.84	9.65	10.70
Global ex US REITS	12.70	7.79	6.04	7.17

Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Indices are not available for direct investment. Index performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. Number of REIT stocks and total value based on the two indices. All index returns are net of withholding tax on dividends. Total value of REIT stocks represented by Dow Jones US Select REIT Index and the S&P Global ex US REIT Index. Dow Jones US Select REIT Index used as proxy for the US market, and S&P Global ex US REIT Index used as proxy for the World ex US market. Dow Jones and S&P data © 2022 S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, a division of S&P Global. All rights reserved.

Commodities

2021 Index Returns

The Bloomberg Commodity Index Total Return gained 27.11% for the year.

Unleaded Gas and Brent Crude Oil were the best performers, advancing 69.54% and 65.49%, respectively.

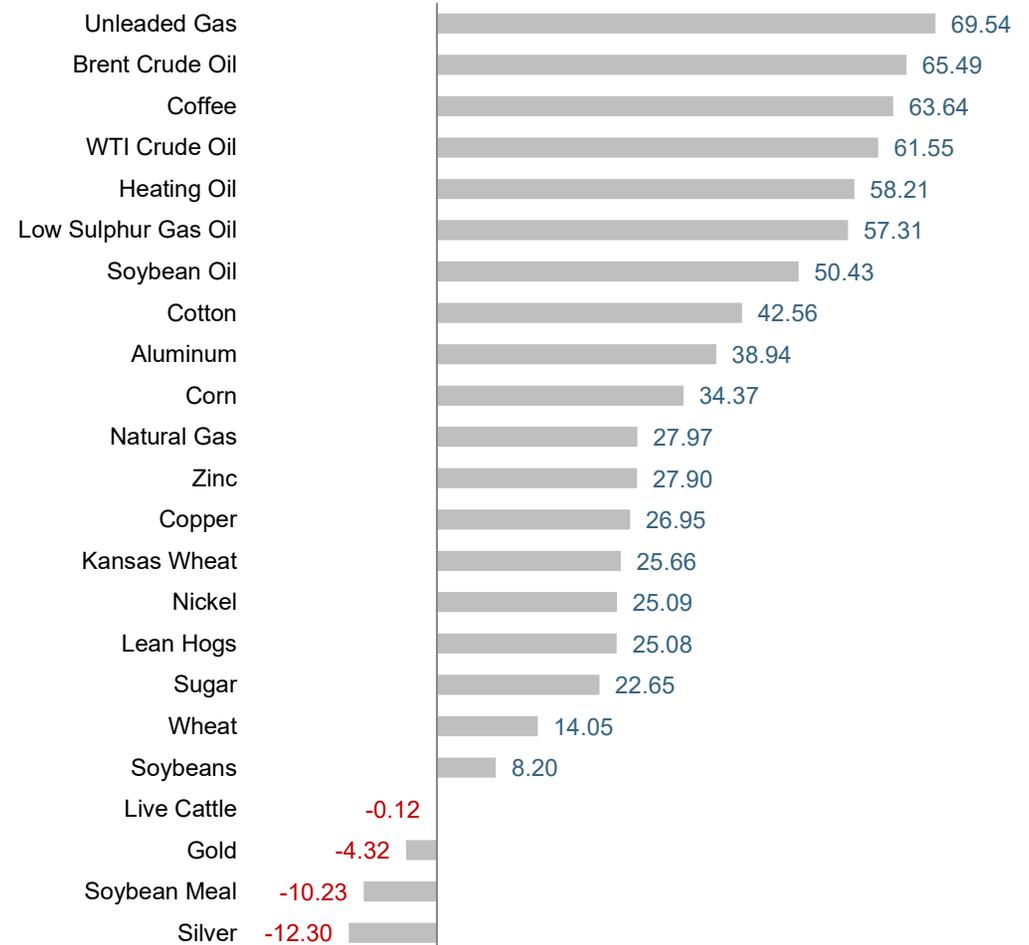
Silver and Soybean Meal were the worst performers, declining 12.30% and 10.23%, respectively.

Period Returns (%)				* Annualized
Asset Class	1 Year	3 Years*	5 Years*	10 Years*
Commodities	27.11	9.86	3.66	-2.85



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Ranked Returns for Individual Commodities (%)



Fixed Income

2021 Index Returns

Interest rates in the US Treasury fixed income market generally increased during the year. The yield on the 5-year US Treasury note added 90 basis points (bps) to 1.26%. The yield on the 10-year US Treasury note increased 59 bps to 1.52%. The 30-year US Treasury bond yield rose 25 bps to 1.90%.

On the short end of the yield curve, the 1-month US Treasury bill yield decreased 2 bps to 0.06%, while the 1-year US Treasury bill yield climbed 29 bps to 0.39%. The yield on the 2-year US Treasury note increased 60 bps to 0.73%.

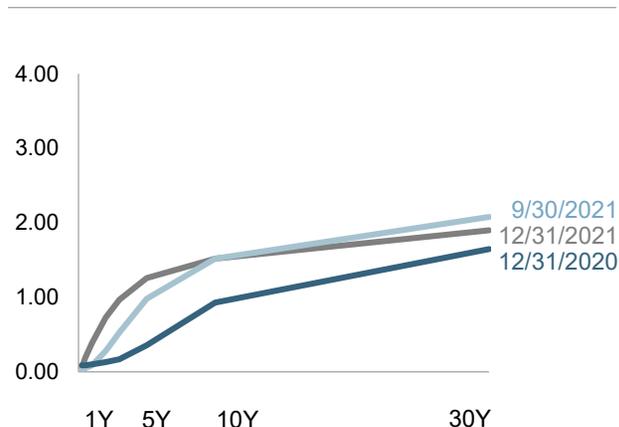
In terms of total returns, short-term corporate bonds declined 0.47% for the year. Intermediate-term corporate bonds lost 1.00%.

The total return for short-term municipal bonds was 0.36%, while intermediate-term municipal bonds gained 0.51%. Revenue bonds generally outperformed general obligation bonds for the year.

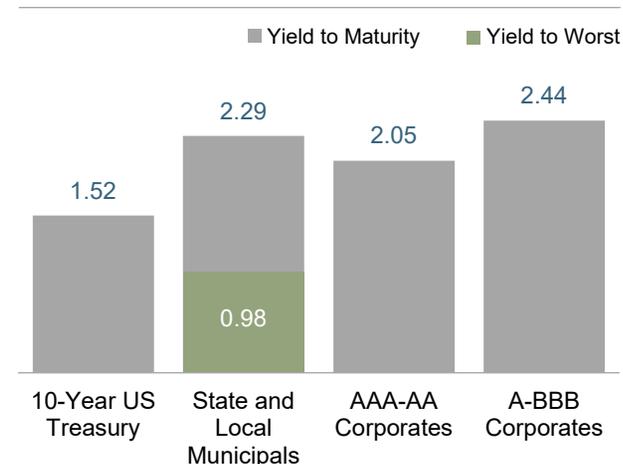


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US Treasury Yield Curve (%)



Bond Yield Across Issuers (%)



Period Returns (%)

Asset Class	1 Year	3 Years*	5 Years*	10 Years*
Bloomberg US TIPS Index	5.96	8.44	5.34	3.09
Bloomberg US High Yield Corporate Bond Index	5.28	8.83	6.30	6.83
Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index	1.52	4.73	4.17	3.72
ICE BofA US 3-Month Treasury Bill Index	0.05	0.99	1.14	0.63
ICE BofA 1-Year US Treasury Note Index	-0.07	1.55	1.42	0.86
FTSE World Government Bond Index 1-5 Years (hedged to USD)	-0.80	2.07	1.89	1.66
Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index	-1.54	4.79	3.57	2.90
FTSE World Government Bond Index 1-5 Years	-4.43	1.38	1.79	-0.33
Bloomberg US Government Bond Index Long	-4.57	8.78	6.53	4.53

One basis point (bps) equals 0.01%. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. Indices are not available for direct investment. Index performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. Yield curve data from Federal Reserve. State and local bonds, and the Yield to Worst are from the S&P National AMT-Free Municipal Bond Index. AAA-AA Corporates represent the ICE BofA US Corporates, AA-AAA rated. A-BBB Corporates represent the ICE BofA Corporates, BBB-A rated. Bloomberg data provided by Bloomberg. US long-term bonds, bills, inflation, and fixed income factor data © Stocks, Bonds, Bills, and Inflation (S&BBI) Yearbook™, Ibbotson Associates, Chicago (annually updated work by Roger G. Ibbotson and Rex A. Sinquefeld). FTSE fixed income indices © 2022 FTSE Fixed Income LLC, all rights reserved. ICE BofA index data © 2022 ICE Data Indices, LLC. S&P data © 2022 S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, a division of S&P Global. All rights reserved.

Global Fixed Income

2021 Yield Curves



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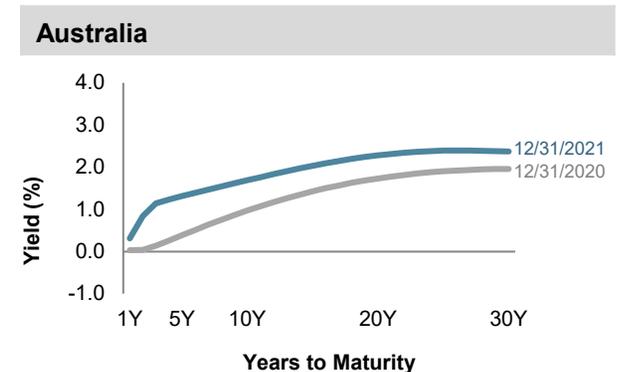
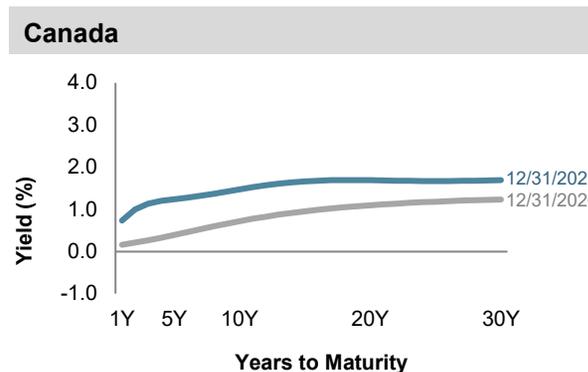
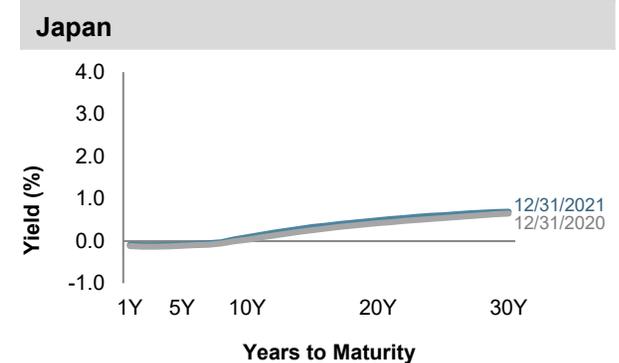
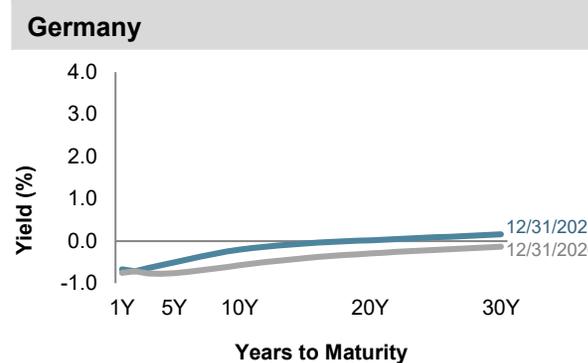
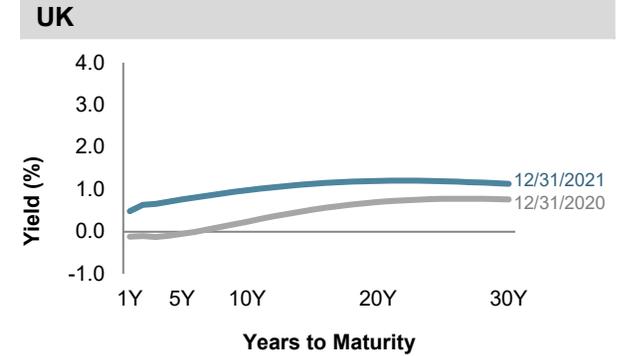
Government bond yields in the global developed markets generally increased for the year.

Term premiums were generally negative across global developed markets.

Short- and intermediate-term nominal interest rates were negative in Japan and Germany.

Changes in Yields (bps) Since 12/31/2020

	1Y	5Y	10Y	20Y	30Y
US	29.4	88.0	59.3	46.1	20.1
UK	60.3	81.6	74.2	50.1	36.4
Germany	7.9	25.6	37.0	29.4	30.1
Japan	2.9	3.1	5.6	7.1	4.9
Canada	57.5	84.8	75.6	59.1	46.7
Australia	28.5	93.0	71.6	54.6	41.8



Impact of Diversification

As of November 30, 2021



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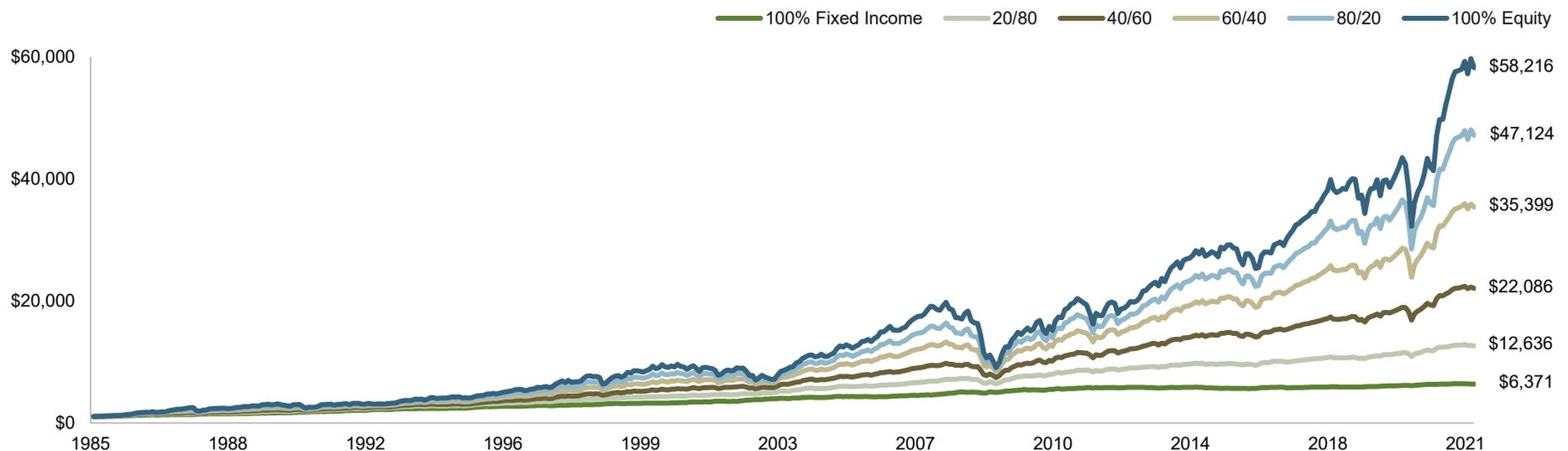
These indices illustrate the performance of different global stock/bond mixes and highlight the benefits of diversification. Mixes with larger allocations to stocks are considered riskier but have higher expected returns over time.

Period Returns (%)

* Annualized

Dimensional Core Plus Wealth Index Model	1 Year	3 Years*	5 Years*	10 Years*	10-Year STDEV ¹
100% Equity	23.54	15.92	14.01	12.71	14.06
80/20	18.55	14.51	12.50	11.57	11.73
60/40	13.35	12.61	10.53	9.76	9.04
40/60	8.37	9.15	7.57	7.17	6.12
20/80	3.23	5.98	4.87	4.05	3.71
100% Fixed Income	0.33	2.65	2.08	1.04	1.72

Growth of Wealth: The Relationship Between Risk and Return



1. STDEV (standard deviation) is a measure of the variation or dispersion of a set of data points. Standard deviations are often used to quantify the historical return volatility of a security or portfolio.

Diversification does not eliminate the risk of market loss. For illustrative purposes only. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. The performance reflects the growth of a hypothetical \$1,000. Assumes all models have been rebalanced monthly. See appendix for allocation information. All performance results are based on performance of indexes with model/back-tested asset allocations; the performance was achieved with the benefit of hindsight; it does not represent actual investment strategies. The index models are unmanaged and the model's performance does not reflect advisory fees or other expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. In particular, Model performance may not reflect the impact that economic and market factors may have had on the advisor's decision making if the advisor were actually managing client money. The models are not recommendations for an actual allocation. Indices are not available for direct investment. Backtested performance results assume the reinvestment of dividends and capital gains. Sources: Dimensional Fund Advisors LP for Dimensional Indices. Copyright 2022 S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, a division of S&P Global. All rights reserved.



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Appendix

Sources and Descriptions of Data

DIMENSIONAL CORE PLUS 100/0 WEALTH INDEX MODEL

January 1985–present Dimensional Wealth Index Model data compiled by Dimensional. The Dimensional Core Plus 100/0 Wealth Index Model combines the following indices: Dimensional US Adjusted Market 2 Index, Dimensional US Adjusted Market Value Index, Dimensional US Large Cap High Profitability Index, Dimensional International Adjusted Market Index, Dimensional International Vector Index, Dimensional International Large Cap High Profitability Index, Dimensional Emerging Markets Adjusted Market Index, Dimensional Emerging Markets Value Index, and the S&P Global REIT Index (gross dividends). The weight of the REIT index is based on the market capitalization weight of equity REITs within the global universe of eligible stocks and equity REITs, rounded to the nearest 1%. Within the remaining non-REIT allocation, US equities are overweight relative to their market capitalization weight. The weights of the US, developed ex US, and emerging markets equities are then rescaled to sum to the total non-REIT weight of the Wealth Index Model and are all rounded to the nearest 1%. Regional weights are rebalanced quarterly. Within the US equity allocation, each month the weights of the Dimensional US Adjusted Market 2 Index, Dimensional US Adjusted Market Value Index, and Dimensional US Large Cap High Profitability Index are 66.67%, 16.67%, and 16.67%, respectively. Within the developed ex US equity allocation, each month the weights of the Dimensional International Adjusted Market Index, Dimensional International Vector Index, and Dimensional International Large Cap High Profitability Index are 60%, 20%, and 20%, respectively. Within the emerging market equity allocation, each month the weights of the Dimensional Emerging Markets Adjusted Market Index and Dimensional Emerging Markets Value Index are equal. The Wealth Index Model returns are calculated monthly as a weighted average of the returns of the underlying indices. The Dimensional Core Plus 100/0 Wealth Index Model has been retrospectively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to March 2020.

DIMENSIONAL CORE PLUS 80/20 WEALTH INDEX MODEL

January 1985–present Dimensional Wealth Index Model data compiled by Dimensional. 80% of the weight is allocated to the Dimensional Core Plus 100/0 Wealth Index Model and 20% of the weight is allocated to the Dimensional Global Adjusted Fixed Income Market Index (Hedged to USD). The Wealth Index Model returns are calculated monthly as a weighted average of the returns of the underlying indices. The Dimensional Global Adjusted Fixed Income Market Index (Hedged to USD) is represented by Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index from January 1985 to December 1989 and the Bloomberg Global Aggregate Bond Index (Hedged to USD) from January 1990 to January 1999. The Dimensional Core Plus 80/20 Wealth Index Model has been retrospectively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to March 2020.

DIMENSIONAL CORE PLUS 60/40 WEALTH INDEX MODEL

January 1985–present Dimensional Wealth Index Model data compiled by Dimensional. 60% of the weight is allocated to the Dimensional Core Plus 100/0 Wealth Index Model and 40% of the weight is allocated to the following fixed income indices: Dimensional Global Adjusted Fixed Income Market Index (Hedged to USD) (20%) and Dimensional US Adjusted Investment Grade Index (20%). The Wealth Index Model returns are calculated monthly as a weighted average of the returns of the underlying indices. The Dimensional Global Adjusted Fixed Income Market Index (Hedged to USD) is represented by Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index from January 1985 to December 1989 and the Bloomberg Global Aggregate Bond Index (Hedged to USD) from January 1990 to January 1999. The Dimensional Core Plus 60/40 Wealth Index Model has been retrospectively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to March 2020.

DIMENSIONAL CORE PLUS 40/60 WEALTH INDEX MODEL

January 1985–present Dimensional Wealth Index Model data compiled by Dimensional. 40% of the weight is allocated to the Dimensional Core Plus 100/0 Wealth Index Model and 60% of the weight is allocated to the following fixed income indices: Dimensional Targeted Credit Index (Hedged to USD) (20%), Dimensional Global Short-Term Government Variable Maturity Index (Hedged to USD) (20%), and Dimensional US Adjusted Investment Grade Index (20%). The Wealth Index Model returns are calculated monthly as a weighted average of the returns of the underlying indices. The Dimensional Targeted Credit Index is represented by the Bloomberg US Credit 1–3 Year Bond Index from January 1985 to January 1999. The Dimensional US Adjusted Investment Grade Index is represented by Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index from January 1985 to January 1989. The Dimensional Core Plus 40/60 Wealth Index Model has been retrospectively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to March 2020.

DIMENSIONAL CORE PLUS 20/80 WEALTH INDEX MODEL

Dimensional Wealth Index Model data compiled by Dimensional. 20% of the weight is allocated to the Dimensional Core Plus 100/0 Wealth Index Model, and 80% of the weight is allocated to the following fixed income indices: Dimensional Global Government/Credit 1–3 Year Unhedged Index (30%), Dimensional Targeted Credit Index (Hedged to USD) (10%), Dimensional Global Short-Term Government Variable Maturity Index (Hedged to USD) (20%), and Dimensional US Adjusted Investment Grade Index (20%). The Wealth Index Model returns are calculated monthly as a weighted average of the returns of the underlying indices. The Dimensional Global Government/Credit 1–3 Year Unhedged Index is represented by the Bloomberg US Government/Credit 1–3 Year Bond Index from January 1985 to January 1999. The Dimensional Targeted Credit Index is represented by the Bloomberg US Credit 1–3 Year Bond Index from January 1985 to January 1999. The Dimensional US Adjusted Investment Grade Index is represented by Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index from January 1985 to January 1989. The Dimensional Core Plus 20/80 Wealth Index Model has been retrospectively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to March 2020.

DIMENSIONAL CORE PLUS 0/100 WEALTH INDEX MODEL

Dimensional Wealth Index Model data compiled by Dimensional. The Dimensional Core Plus 0/100 Wealth Index Model combines the following indices: Dimensional Global Short-Term Government Index (Hedged to USD) (20%), Dimensional Global Government/Credit 1–3 Year Unhedged Index (40%), Dimensional Short-Duration Real Return Index (20%), and Dimensional Global Short-Term Government Variable Maturity Index (Hedged to USD) (20%). The Wealth Index Model returns are calculated monthly as a weighted average of the returns of the underlying indices. The Dimensional Global Short-Term Government Index (Hedged to USD) is represented by the Bloomberg US Government 1–3 Year Bond Index at 75% weight and the ICE BofA US 3-Month Treasury Bill Index at 25% weight from January 1985 to October 1992 and the Bloomberg US Government 1–2 Year Bond Index from November 1992 to January 1999. The Dimensional Global Government/Credit 1–3 Year Unhedged Index is represented by the Bloomberg US Government/Credit 1–3 Year Bond Index from January 1985 to January 1999. The Dimensional Short-Duration Real Return Index is not available back to 1985. The Dimensional Short-Duration Real Return Index is represented by Bloomberg US TIPS Index 1–5 Years from August 1997 to October 2006. Prior to August 1997, its weight is redistributed pro rata to the other fixed income indices. The Dimensional Core Plus 0/100 Wealth Index Model has been retrospectively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to March 2020.

Indices are not available for direct investment; therefore, their performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. The returns of indices presented herein reflect hypothetical performance and do not represent returns that any investor actually attained. Changes in the assumptions upon which such performance is based may have a material impact on the hypothetical returns presented. Hypothetical backtested returns have many inherent limitations. Unlike actual performance, it does not represent actual trading. Since trades have not actually been executed, results may have under- or overcompensated for the impact, if any, of certain market factors, such as lack of liquidity, and may not reflect the impact that certain economic or market factors may have had on the decision-making process. Hypothetical backtested performance also is developed with the benefit of hindsight. Other periods selected may have different results, including losses. There can be no assurance that Dimensional Fund Advisors will achieve profits or avoid incurring substantial losses.

Sources and Descriptions of Data

DIMENSIONAL US ADJUSTED MARKET 2 INDEX

January 1975–present Compiled by Dimensional from CRSP and Compustat data. Targets all securities of US companies traded on the NYSE, NYSE MKT (formerly AMEX), and Nasdaq Global Market with an emphasis on companies with smaller capitalization, lower relative price, and higher profitability, excluding those with the lowest profitability and highest relative price within the small cap universe. The index also excludes those companies with the highest asset growth within the small cap universe. Profitability is defined as operating income before depreciation and amortization minus interest expense divided by book equity. Asset growth is defined as change in total assets from the prior fiscal year to current fiscal year. The index overweights securities of companies with smaller capitalization and lower relative price to a greater degree than the Dimensional US Adjusted Market 1 Index. Exclusions: non-US companies, REITs, UITs, and investment companies. The index has been retroactively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to March 2007. The calculation methodology was amended in January 2014 to include profitability as a factor in selecting securities for inclusion in the index. The calculation methodology was amended in December 2019 to include asset growth as a factor in selecting securities for inclusion in the index. Prior to January 1975 Targets all securities of US companies traded on the NYSE, NYSE MKT (formerly AMEX), and Nasdaq Global Market with an emphasis on companies with smaller capitalization and lower relative price.

DIMENSIONAL US LARGE CAP HIGH PROFITABILITY INDEX

Compiled by Dimensional from CRSP and Compustat data. Targets securities of US companies with market capitalizations above the 1,000th largest company whose profitability is in the top 35% of all large cap companies after the exclusion of utilities, companies lacking financial data, and companies with negative relative price. The index emphasizes companies with lower relative price, higher profitability, and lower market capitalization. Profitability is defined as operating income before depreciation and amortization minus interest expense divided by book equity. Exclusions: non-US companies, REITs, UITs, and investment companies. The index has been retroactively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to December 2016.

DIMENSIONAL US ADJUSTED MARKET VALUE INDEX

January 1975–present Compiled by Dimensional from CRSP and Compustat data. Targets all securities of US companies traded on the NYSE, NYSE MKT (formerly AMEX), and Nasdaq Global Market with an emphasis on companies with smaller capitalization, lower relative price, and higher profitability, excluding those with the lowest profitability and highest relative price within the small cap universe. The index also excludes those companies with the highest asset growth within the small cap universe. Profitability is defined as operating income before depreciation and amortization minus interest expense divided by book equity. Asset growth is defined as change in total assets from the prior fiscal year to current fiscal year. The index overweights securities of companies with smaller capitalization and lower relative price to a greater degree than the Dimensional US Adjusted Market 2 Index. Exclusions: non-US companies, REITs, UITs, and investment companies. The index has been retroactively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to March 2007. The calculation methodology

was amended in January 2014 to include profitability as a factor in selecting securities for inclusion in the index. The calculation methodology was amended in December 2019 to include asset growth as a factor in selecting securities for inclusion in the index.

DIMENSIONAL INTERNATIONAL ADJUSTED MARKET INDEX

Compiled by Dimensional from Bloomberg securities data. Targets all the securities in the eligible markets with an emphasis on companies with smaller market capitalization, lower relative price, and higher profitability, excluding those with the lowest profitability and highest relative price within their country's small cap universe. The index also excludes those companies with the highest asset growth within their country's small cap universe. Profitability is defined as operating income before depreciation and amortization minus interest expense divided by book equity. Asset growth is defined as change in total assets from the prior fiscal year to current fiscal year. Exclusions: REITs and investment companies. The index has been retroactively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to April 2008. The calculation methodology was amended in January 2014 to include profitability as a factor in selecting securities for inclusion in the index. The calculation methodology was amended in November 2019 to include asset growth as a factor in selecting securities for inclusion in the index.

DIMENSIONAL INTERNATIONAL LARGE CAP HIGH PROFITABILITY INDEX

Compiled by Dimensional from Bloomberg securities data. Targets large cap securities in the eligible markets whose profitability is in the top 35% of their country's large cap securities, after the exclusion of utilities and companies with either negative or missing relative price data. The index emphasizes companies with lower relative price, higher profitability, and lower market capitalization. Profitability is defined as operating income before depreciation and amortization minus interest expense divided by book equity. Exclusions: REITs and investment companies. The index has been retroactively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to December 2016.

DIMENSIONAL INTERNATIONAL VECTOR INDEX

Compiled by Dimensional from Bloomberg securities data. Targets all the securities in the eligible markets with an emphasis on companies with smaller market capitalization, lower relative price, and higher profitability, excluding those with the lowest profitability and highest relative price within their country's small cap universe. The index also excludes those companies with the highest asset growth within their country's small cap universe. Profitability is defined as operating income before depreciation and amortization minus interest expense divided by book equity. Asset growth is defined as change in total assets from the prior fiscal year to current fiscal year. The index overweights securities of companies with smaller capitalization and lower relative price to a greater degree than the Dimensional International Adjusted Market Index. Exclusions: REITs and investment companies. The index has been retroactively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to April 2008. The calculation methodology was amended in January 2014 to include profitability as a factor in selecting securities for inclusion in the index. The calculation methodology was amended in November 2019 to include asset growth as a factor in selecting securities for inclusion in the index.

Sources and Descriptions of Data

DIMENSIONAL EMERGING MARKETS ADJUSTED MARKET INDEX

Compiled by Dimensional from Bloomberg securities data. Targets all securities in the eligible markets with an emphasis on companies with smaller market capitalization, lower relative price, and higher profitability, excluding those with the lowest profitability and highest relative price within their country's small cap universe. The index also excludes those companies with the highest asset growth within their country's small cap universe. Profitability is defined as operating income before depreciation and amortization minus interest expense divided by book equity. Asset growth is defined as change in total assets from the prior fiscal year to current fiscal year. Exclusions: REITs and investment companies. The index has been retroactively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to April 2008. The calculation methodology was amended in January 2014 to include profitability as a factor in selecting securities for inclusion in the index. The calculation methodology was amended in November 2019 to include asset growth as a factor in selecting securities for inclusion in the index.

DIMENSIONAL EMERGING MARKETS VALUE INDEX

January 1990–present Compiled by Dimensional from Bloomberg securities data. Targets securities of companies whose relative price is in the bottom 33% of their country's companies, after the exclusion of utilities and companies with either negative or missing relative price data. The index emphasizes companies with smaller capitalization, lower relative price, and higher profitability, excluding those with the lowest profitability within their country's small cap universe. The index also excludes those companies with the highest asset growth within their country's small cap universe. Profitability is defined as operating income before depreciation and amortization minus interest expense divided by book equity. Asset growth is defined as change in total assets from the prior fiscal year to current fiscal year. Exclusions: REITs and investment companies. The index has been retroactively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to April 2008. The calculation methodology was amended in January 2014 to include profitability as a factor in selecting securities for inclusion in the index. The calculation methodology was amended in November 2019 to include asset growth as a factor in selecting securities for inclusion in the index.

S&P GLOBAL REIT INDEX

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DIMENSIONAL SHORT-DURATION REAL RETURN INDEX

Compiled by Dimensional using data provided by Bloomberg. Includes securities in Bloomberg US 3–5 Year Government, Credit Aaa, Aa, A, Baa indices; Bloomberg US 1–3 Year Government, Credit Aaa, Aa, A, Baa indices; Bloomberg Inflation Swap USD 2YR Zero Coupon Index (Excess Return); and Bloomberg Inflation Swap USD 5YR Zero Coupon Index (Excess Return). For the fixed income component of the index, we do the following: (1) Securities can be over- or underweighted based on government/credit spreads. When the difference in yields between credit and government bonds is narrow, government bonds may be overweighted. When the difference in yields between credit and government bonds is wide, government bonds may be underweighted. (2) Securities can be over- or underweighted with respect to their market cap weight based on credit spreads. When the difference in yields

between AAA+AA and A+BBB is narrow, AAA+AA bonds may be held above market cap weight. When the difference in yields between AAA+AA and A+BBB is wide, AAA+AA bonds may be held below market cap weight. When the difference in yields between AAA+AA and BBB is narrow, BBB bonds may be held below market cap weight. When the difference in yields between AAA+AA and BBB is wide, BBB bonds may be held above market cap weight. (3) The duration of the index is based on the term spread (of real yields) between the real yields of the 3–5 year and 1–3 year credit bonds. Real yield is defined as nominal yield minus inflation swap rate. When the term spread is wide, the duration of the index can be longer than the duration of Bloomberg US Credit 1–5 Year Index. When the term spread is narrow, the duration of the index can be shorter than the duration of Bloomberg US Credit 1–5 Year Index. (4) The duration of the government component is based on the term spread (of real yields) between 3–5 year government bonds and 1–3 year government bonds. When the term spread is wide, the duration of the government component can be longer than the duration of Bloomberg US Government 1–5 Year Index. When the term spread is narrow, the duration of the index can be shorter than the duration of Bloomberg US Government 1–5 Year Index. We use the 2-year and 5-year inflation swap indices to construct an index to match the duration of the fixed income component. The Dimensional index return is the sum of the fixed income component and the inflation swap index return component. Rebalanced monthly. The index has been retroactively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to January 2020.

DIMENSIONAL US ADJUSTED INVESTMENT GRADE INDEX

Compiled by Dimensional using data provided by Bloomberg. Includes securities in Bloomberg US 3–10 Year Government, Credit Aaa, Aa, A, Baa indices; and Bloomberg US 1–3 Year Government, Credit Aaa, Aa, A, Baa indices. Securities can be over- or underweighted based on government/credit spreads. When the difference in yields between credit and government bonds is narrow, government bonds may be held above 50%. When the difference in yields between credit and government bonds is wide, government bonds may be held below 50%. Securities can be over or underweighted with respect to their market cap weight based on credit spreads. When the difference in yields between AAA+AA and A+BBB is narrow, AAA+AA bonds may be held above market cap weight. When the difference in yields between AAA+AA and A+BBB is wide, AAA+AA bonds may be held below market cap weight. When the difference in yields between AAA+AA and BBB is narrow, BBB bonds may be held below market cap weight. When the difference in yields between AAA+AA and BBB is wide, BBB bonds may be held above market cap weight. The duration of the index is based on the term spread between 5–10 year government/credit bonds and 1–3 year government/credit bonds. When the term spread is wide, the duration of the index can be longer than the duration of Bloomberg US Aggregate Index. When the term spread is narrow, the duration of the index can be shorter than the duration of Bloomberg US Aggregate Index. The duration of the government component is based on the term spread between 5–10 year government bonds and 1–3 year government bonds. When the term spread is wide, the duration of the government component can be longer than the duration of Bloomberg US Government Index. When the term spread is narrow, the duration of the index can be shorter than the duration of Bloomberg US Government Index. The index has been retroactively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to January 2017.

Indices are not available for direct investment; therefore, their performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio. The returns of indices presented herein reflect hypothetical performance and do not represent returns that any investor actually attained. Changes in the assumptions upon which such performance is based may have a material impact on the hypothetical returns presented. Hypothetical backtested returns have many inherent limitations. Unlike actual performance, it does not represent actual trading. Since trades have not actually been executed, results may have under- or overcompensated for the impact, if any, of certain market factors, such as lack of liquidity, and may not reflect the impact that certain economic or market factors may have had on the decision-making process. Hypothetical backtested performance also is developed with the benefit of hindsight. Other periods selected may have different results, including losses. There can be no assurance that Dimensional Fund Advisors will achieve profits or avoid incurring substantial losses.

Sources and Descriptions of Data

DIMENSIONAL GLOBAL SHORT-TERM GOVERNMENT INDEX (HEDGED TO USD)

Compiled by Dimensional using data provided by Bloomberg. Based on securities in the universe of Bloomberg Global Aggregate 1–2 Year Index; includes global government bonds only. Within the eligible universe, we apply market weights to construct the index. Currency exposure is hedged to USD. Rebalanced monthly. The index has been retroactively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to January 2020.

DIMENSIONAL GLOBAL SHORT-TERM GOVERNMENT VARIABLE MATURITY INDEX (HEDGED TO USD)

Compiled by Dimensional using FTSE data © 2022. Includes securities in the FTSE World Government Bond 1–3 Years and 3–5 Years indices. Countries: Austria, Australia, Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Japan, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the UK, and the US. Countries with the steepest yield curves are overweight with respect to their market cap weight. For countries included, duration corresponds to the steepest segment of that country's yield curve. Currency exposure is hedged to USD. Rebalanced monthly. The index has been retroactively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to January 2019.

DIMENSIONAL GLOBAL GOVERNMENT/CREDIT 1–3 YEAR UNHEDGED INDEX

February 1999–present Compiled by Dimensional using data provided by Bloomberg. Based on securities in the universe of Bloomberg Global Aggregate Index, includes global government bonds and global investment grade corporate bonds. Within the universe, the index identifies the yield curves that offer higher expected returns, and the duration ranges on those yield curves offering higher expected returns, and assesses the increased expected returns associated with allocation to bonds with different credit qualities. It then overweights (with respect to their market cap weight) bonds of yield curves, duration ranges, and credit qualities that offer higher expected returns. It also employs credit quality, currency, and duration requirements relative to the eligible market. Returns are in USD, unhedged. Rebalanced monthly. Prior to February 1999 Compiled by Dimensional using data © 2022 by FTSE. Includes securities in the FTSE World Government Bond 1–3 Years Index. Countries: Austria, Australia, Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Japan, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, UK, and the US as data becomes available. Rebalanced monthly based on market weights. The index has been retroactively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to January 2020.

DIMENSIONAL GLOBAL ADJUSTED FIXED INCOME MARKET INDEX (HEDGED TO USD)

Compiled by Dimensional using data provided by Bloomberg. Based on securities in the universe of the Bloomberg Global Aggregate Index and Global High Yield Index. Includes global government bonds, global investment grade corporate bonds, and global BB corporates. Eligible currencies: AUD, CAD, CHF, EUR, GBP, JPY, USD. Currency exposure is hedged to USD. Within the universe, the index identifies the yield curves that offer higher expected returns, the duration ranges on those yield curves offering higher expected returns, and assesses the increased expected returns associated with allocation to bonds with different credit qualities. It then overweights (with respect to their market cap weight) bonds of yield curves, duration ranges, and credit qualities that offer higher expected returns. It also employs credit quality, currency, and duration requirements relative to the eligible market. The index has been retroactively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to January 2018.

DIMENSIONAL TARGETED CREDIT INDEX (HEDGED TO USD)

Compiled by Dimensional using data provided by Bloomberg. Based on securities in the universe of Bloomberg Global Aggregate Index and Global High Yield Index, includes global investment grade corporate bonds and global BB corporates only. Within the universe, the index identifies the yield curves that offer higher expected returns, and the duration ranges on those yield curves offering higher expected returns, and assesses the increased expected returns associated with allocation to bonds with different credit qualities. It then overweights (with respect to their market cap weight) bonds of yield curves, duration ranges, and credit qualities that offer higher expected returns. It also employs credit quality, currency, and duration requirements relative to the eligible market. Currency exposure is hedged to USD. Rebalanced monthly. The index has been retroactively calculated by Dimensional and did not exist prior to January 2020.